

<i>what is it?</i>	Hepatitis B Viral infection affecting liver	HIV Virus that causes AIDS
<i># of cases?</i>	About 21,000 new cases each year; up to 2.2 million people already infected with chronic Hep B	About 39,000 new infections each year; estimated 1.1 million people living with HIV (about 15 percent don't know they're infected)
<i>symptoms?</i>	Many people don't have symptoms; some may experience tiredness, aches, nausea and vomiting, loss of appetite, yellowing of skin and eyes (called jaundice)	Many infected people have no symptoms and feel healthy; symptoms are usually related to infections and cancers from weakened immune system
<i>how is it spread?</i>	Vaginal, oral or anal sex; childbirth if baby is not vaccinated against Hep B; sharing contaminated needles or razors; exposure to blood, bodily fluids or saliva of an infected person	Vaginal, oral or anal sex; sharing contaminated needles; direct contact with infected blood; from mother to child during pregnancy, child birth or breast feeding
<i>treatment?</i>	Often acute Hep B is treated with rest, eating well and lots of fluids; chronic Hep B is treated through close monitoring by a doctor and anti-retroviral medications; a vaccine is available to prevent Hep B	HIV and AIDS has no cure; anti-retroviral treatment can slow the progression of HIV disease and delay the onset of AIDS; early diagnosis and treatment can improve a person's chances of living a longer, healthier life
<i>consequences?</i>	Increased risk of infection of other STDs, including HIV; can also lead to chronic liver problems and cirrhosis or liver cancer	HIV is fatal if left untreated

GET TESTED.

The Allen County Department of Health offers **CONFIDENTIAL** STD testing and treatment.

Parent permission is **NOT** needed.

Medical Annex
4813 New Haven Ave.
Fort Wayne, IN 46803

Clinic hours:
Monday-Friday
8 a.m.-12p.m.
1-4:30 p.m.

Call for confidential testing today!
(260) 449-7504

allencountyhealth.com

GET EDUCATED. GET TESTED.

1 IN 2
SEXUALLY ACTIVE
YOUNG PEOPLE
WILL GET AN
STD
BY THE AGE OF
25
MOST
WILL NOT
KNOW IT

GET YOURSELF TALKING TODAY.




WHAT IS IT?

HOW MANY IN THE U.S. GET IT?

SYMPTOMS

HOW IS IT SPREAD?

TREATMENT

POSSIBLE CONSEQUENCES

	Chlamydia	Syphilis	Gonorrhea	Genital Herpes	Genital Warts
WHAT IS IT?	Bacterial infection of genital area	Bacterial infection that can spread in the body	Bacterial infection of genital area	Viral infection of genital area	Small growths caused by virus called HPV
HOW MANY IN THE U.S. GET IT?	About 1.7 million new cases reported each year; almost 2/3 of all cases are in people ages 15-24	About 30,000 new cases reported each year	About 555,000 new cases reported each year; highest rates in women 15-19 & men 20-24	An estimated 775,000 people get newly infected each year	An estimated 14 million new cases each year, with at least 79 million people already infected
SYMPTOMS	Often there are no symptoms; some symptoms include abnormal discharge from penis or vagina; burning sensation when urinating; women may have abdominal pain or bleeding between periods	Symptoms vary, beginning with a painful sore (called a chancre) on the mouth or sex organs; other symptoms can appear up to six months after the first sore has disappeared	Most infected people have no symptoms. For those who do, it can cause a burning sensation while urinating, abnormal white, green and/or yellowish vaginal or penile discharge	Most people have no symptoms; herpes 1 can cause painful blisters or cold sores around mouth; herpes 2 can cause genital sores or blisters; symptoms usually occur within first month of exposure	Warts may appear in and around the mouth or sex organs within weeks, months, years or not at all; warts are usually painless, but can cause itching and irritation
HOW IS IT SPREAD?	Vaginal, oral or anal sex; can also pass from mother to child during childbirth	Vaginal, oral or anal sex; kissing if a sore is present; and from mother to child during childbirth	Vaginal, oral or anal sex; from mother to child during childbirth	Vaginal, oral or anal sex; skin-to-skin sexual contact; kissing; from mother to child during childbirth in rare cases	Vaginal, oral, or anal sex; skin-to-skin sexual contact; from mother to child during childbirth in rare cases
TREATMENT	Oral antibiotics cure infection; both partners must be treated at the same time to keep from passing the infection back and forth and should abstain from sex until the infection is gone	Antibiotics can cure syphilis if caught early, but medication cannot undo damage done; both partners must be treated and avoid sexual contact until sores completely heal	Oral antibiotics can cure the infection; both partners must be treated at the same time to prevent passing infection back and forth; partners should abstain from sex until infection is gone	Herpes has no cure; the virus stays in the body and may cause repeated outbreaks; medications can help treat symptoms, reduce frequency of outbreaks, and reduce the likelihood of spreading it	HPV has no cure; warts can be removed, frozen off, or treated with topical medicines; virus can remain and warts can come back after treatment; a vaccine is available to prevent infection
POSSIBLE CONSEQUENCES	Can cause sterility (inability to have children) in men and women if left untreated	Can cause damage to brain, heart & nervous system if untreated; increases risk for other STDs including HIV	Gonorrhea can cause damage to women's fallopian tubes and men's sperm passageway	Increases risk for other STDs including HIV	A strong link exists between genital warts and cervical cancer



- Get tested
- Know signs and symptoms of STDs
- Limit number of sexual partners
- Use latex condoms
- Have good communication with partners
- Don't have sex (abstinence)